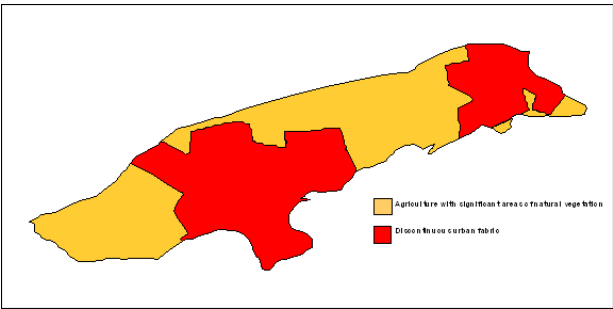
 MALTA RESOURCES AUTHORITY	 <small> ■ Agriculture with significant karstic features and natural vegetation ■ Dense urban fabric </small>
Groundwater Body Code	
MT014	
Groundwater Body Name	
Ghajnsielem Perched Groundwater Body	
Reference Year	
2004	Corinne Landcover 2000

Hydrogeological Characteristics

Aquifer Description

The Ghajnsielem/Qala area is a downthrown block of country lying adjacent to and south of the fault of the same name. The principal aquifer formation in the area is the Upper Coralline Limestone which geological investigations have shown to achieve a maximum thickness 87m. Geologically, the Lower Coralline Limestone is a shallow water deposit of variable composition which due to its lithographic nature and its sensitivity to weathering this formation hosts a generalized aquifer

Mean Aquifer Thickness	33m
Soil Type and Indicative Thickness	Terra soils predominate whilst the indicative thickness lies between 40-81cm
Mean Hydraulic Conductivity	2.93E-6m/s
Mean Annual Groundwater Level Amplitude	n/a

Pressures—Quantitative Status

Mean Annual Recharge (Natural and Artificial)	0.85 hm ³
Mean Annual Groundwater Demand	0.34 hm ³
Balance	0.39 hm ³
WSC Groundwater Sources	1 operational borehole, 1 pumping station and 3 boreholes that are not in use.
Registered Private Groundwater Sources	228 boreholes and 1 spring

Pressures—Qualitative Status

Principal Diffuse sources of Pollution	Agriculture, leaks from the sewerage network.
Principal Point sources of Pollution	Animal husbandry activities
Nitrate Content in Groundwater	Moderately high - between 50 mg/l and 100mg/l
Chloride Content in Groundwater	Moderate - between 250 mg/l and 500 mg/l
Pesticide Content in Groundwater	No data available; however karstic nature of the aquifer makes it highly vulnerable to pesticide pollution.
Other Pollutants	n/a
Direct discharges to Groundwater	No direct discharges have been permitted

Associated Aquatic Ecosystems—sites under investigation

No sites enclosing groundwater dependent eco-systems have been identified.

Preliminary Risk Assessment

This groundwater body is definitely at risk of failing to achieve the environmental objectives of the Water Framework Directive from the view of achievement of criteria related to good qualitative status. It is also significantly at risk of not achieving the objectives set in the Nitrates Regulations.